


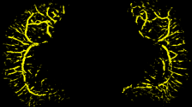
WAYNE STATE
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In vivo Vascular Mapping of the Human Hippocampus Using MICRO Imaging

Sagar Buch¹, Yulin Ge² and E. Mark Haacke^{1,3}


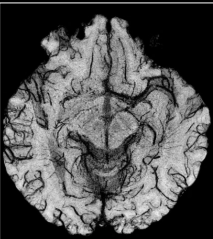
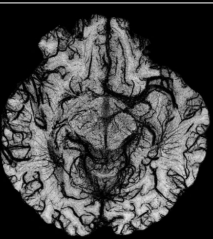

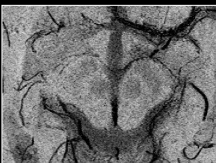



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1


MICRO Protocol for Acquiring USPIO-enhanced SWI

(Microvascular In-vivo Contrast Revealed Origins)

	Pre-contrast	Fe ₁ SWI	Fe ₂ SWI	Fe ₃ SWI
mIP = 8mm				
				

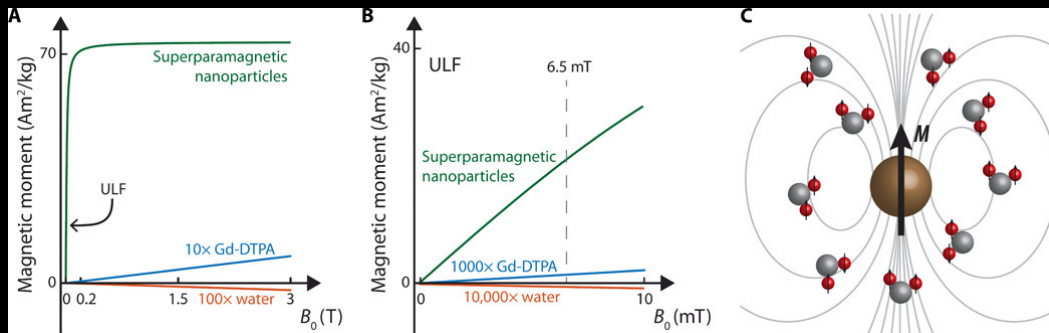
Imaging parameters:
 TE₁/TE₂/TR = 7.5/15/27ms, Bandwidth = 180Hz/pxl, number of slices = 96,
 flip angle = 12°; voxel size = 0.22×0.44×1mm³
 Acquisition time for each sequence = 11 mins, GRAPPA = 2/36
 Final Ferumoxytol dose = 4mg/kg, Dose delivery time = 21-23 mins

Buch S, Wang Y, Park MG, et al. Subvoxel vascular imaging of the midbrain using USPIO-Enhanced MRI. *NeuroImage*. 2020 Oct 15;220:117106.



2

Imaging properties of Ferumoxytol and GdDTPA



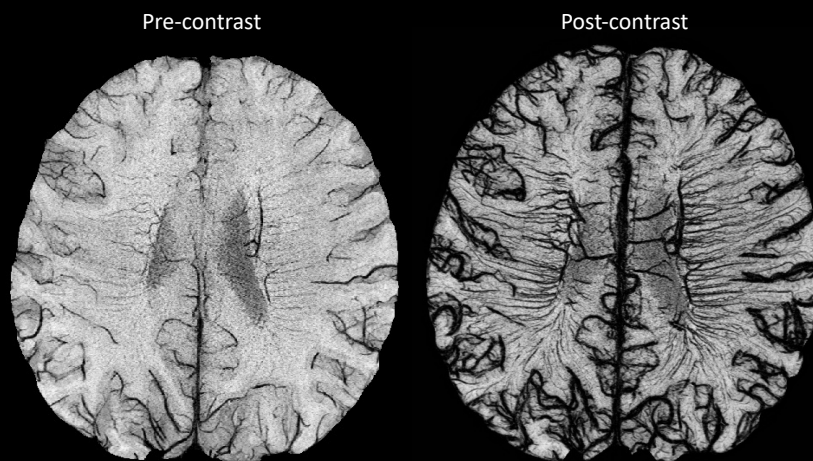
- USPIO is saturated at low fields and so it does not change its properties above roughly 0.5T to 1T.
- USPIOs possess much higher sensitivity than Gadolinium



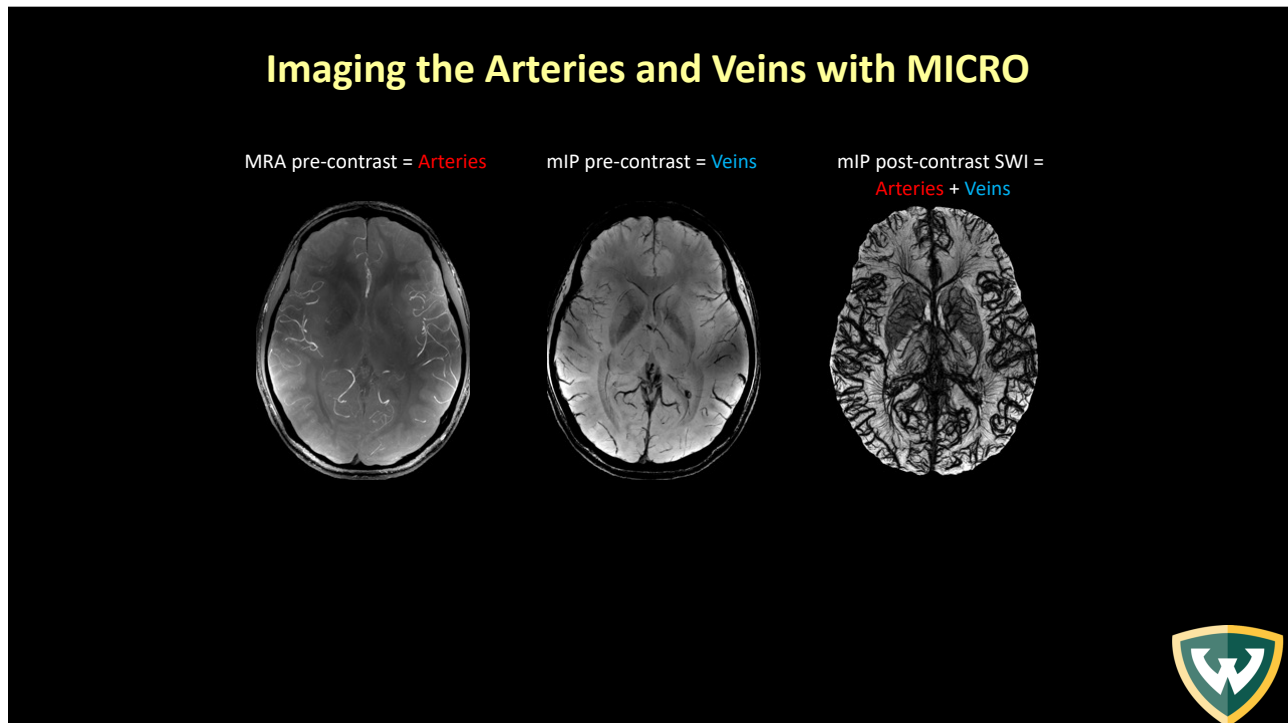
Waddington et al., Science Advances. 2020; 6(29), eabb0998

3

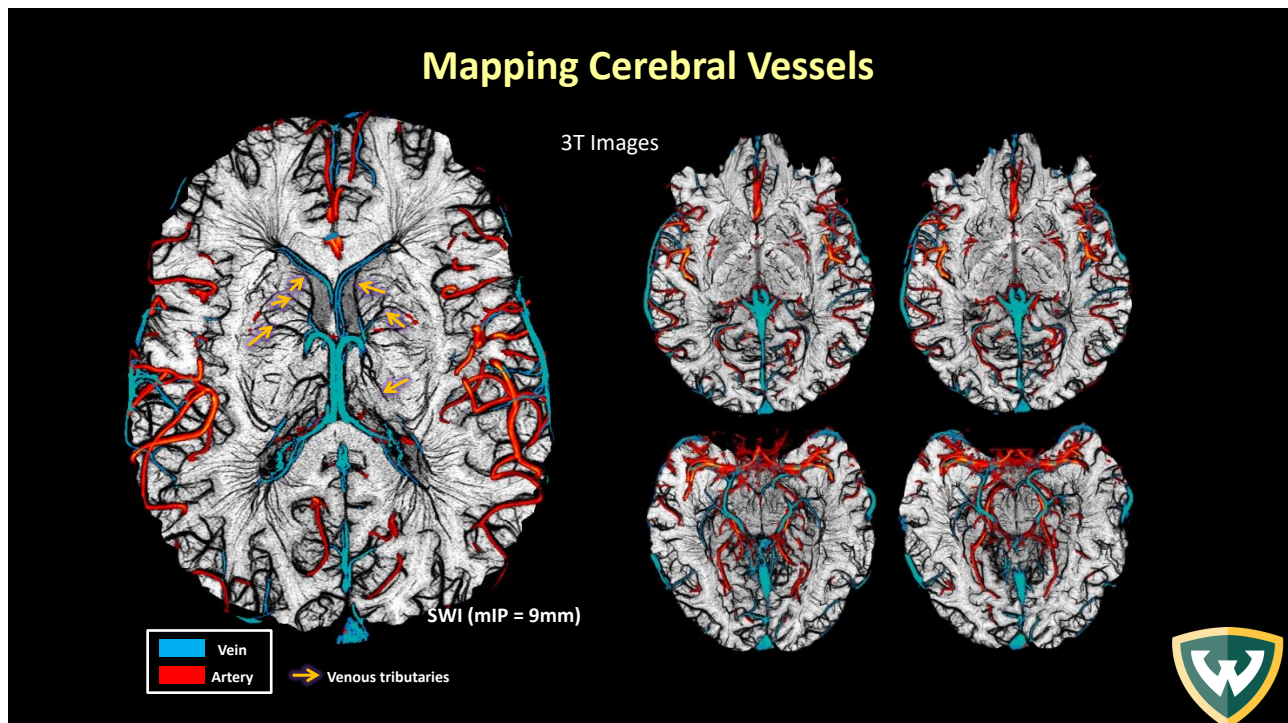
Ferumoxytol enhanced MRAV on 3T



4



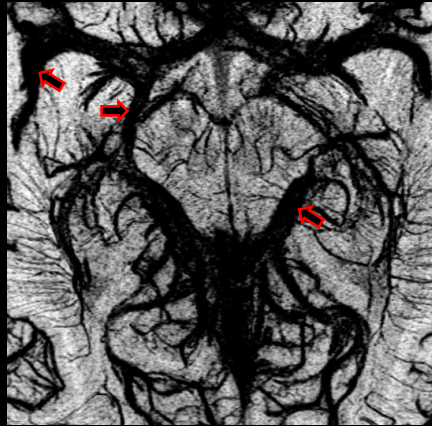
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6

Dynamic Combination of USPIO-SWI data

Post contrast SWI (mIP = 8mm)

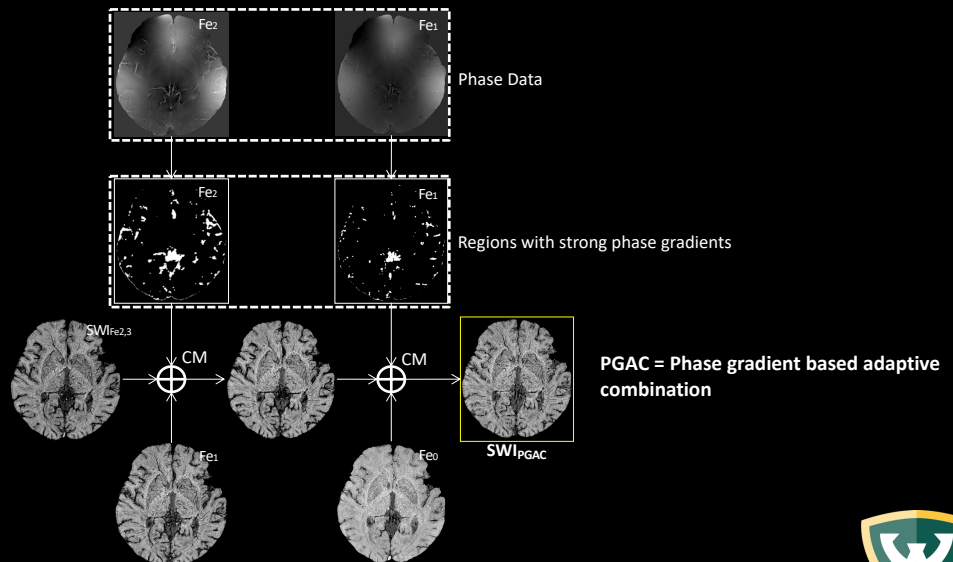


Buch S, Wang Y, Park MG, et al. Subvoxel vascular imaging of the midbrain using USPIO-Enhanced MRI. *Neuroimage*. 2020;220:117106.



7

Dynamic Combination of USPIO-SWI data



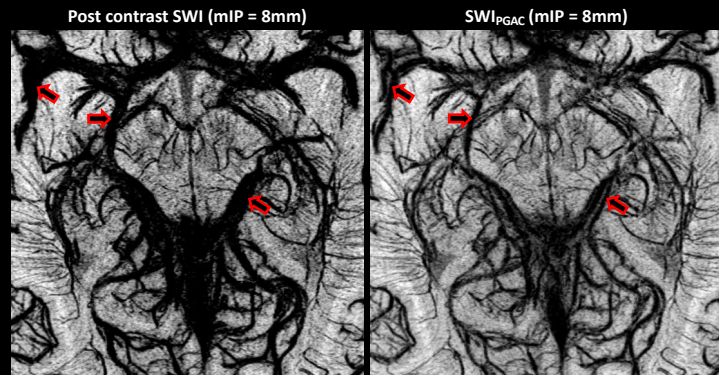
Buch S, Wang Y, Park MG, et al. Subvoxel vascular imaging of the midbrain using USPIO-Enhanced MRI. *Neuroimage*. 2020;220:117106.



8

Dynamic Combination of USPIO-SWI data

To reduce the blooming artifact and better identify vessels



PGAC = Phase-gradient based adaptive combination

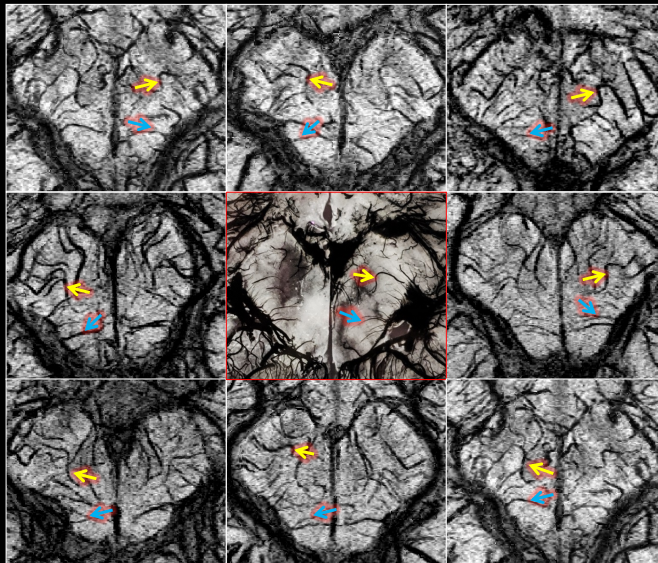
Buch S, Wang Y, Park MG, et al. Subvoxel vascular imaging of the midbrain using USPIO-Enhanced MRI. *Neuroimage*. 2020;220:117106.



9

Comparison of MICRO and Cadaver brain dye injection

3T SWI (mIP = 8 mm)



- Peduncular artery
- Collicular artery

Center image:
***In vitro* angiogram**

Georges Salamon; J M Corbaz
Atlas de la vascularisation
arterielle du cerveau chez
l'homme

Buch S et al., Subvoxel vascular imaging of the midbrain using USPIO-Enhanced MRI. *Neuroimage*. 2020;220:117106.



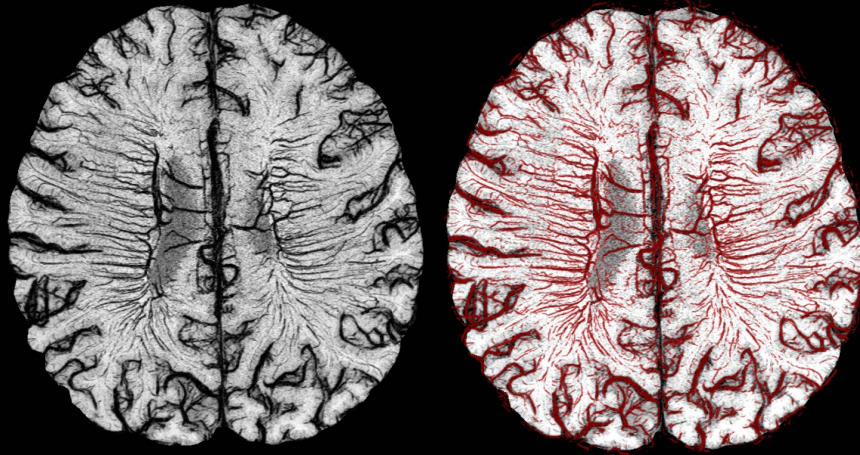
10

Extracting the Cerebral Vasculature

3T SWI (mIP = 5 mm)

SWI

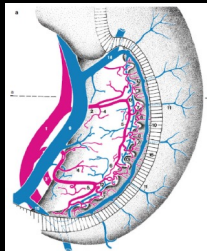
SWI + Vessel overlay



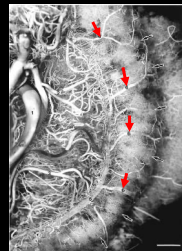
11

Hippocampal Macro- and Micro-vasculature

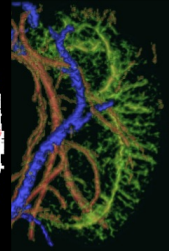
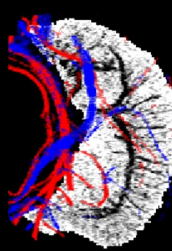
Illustration of Hippocampal vascularization



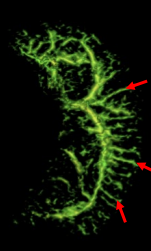
Vascular ink injection (cadaver)



MICRO SWI (Ferumoxytol)



3T Images

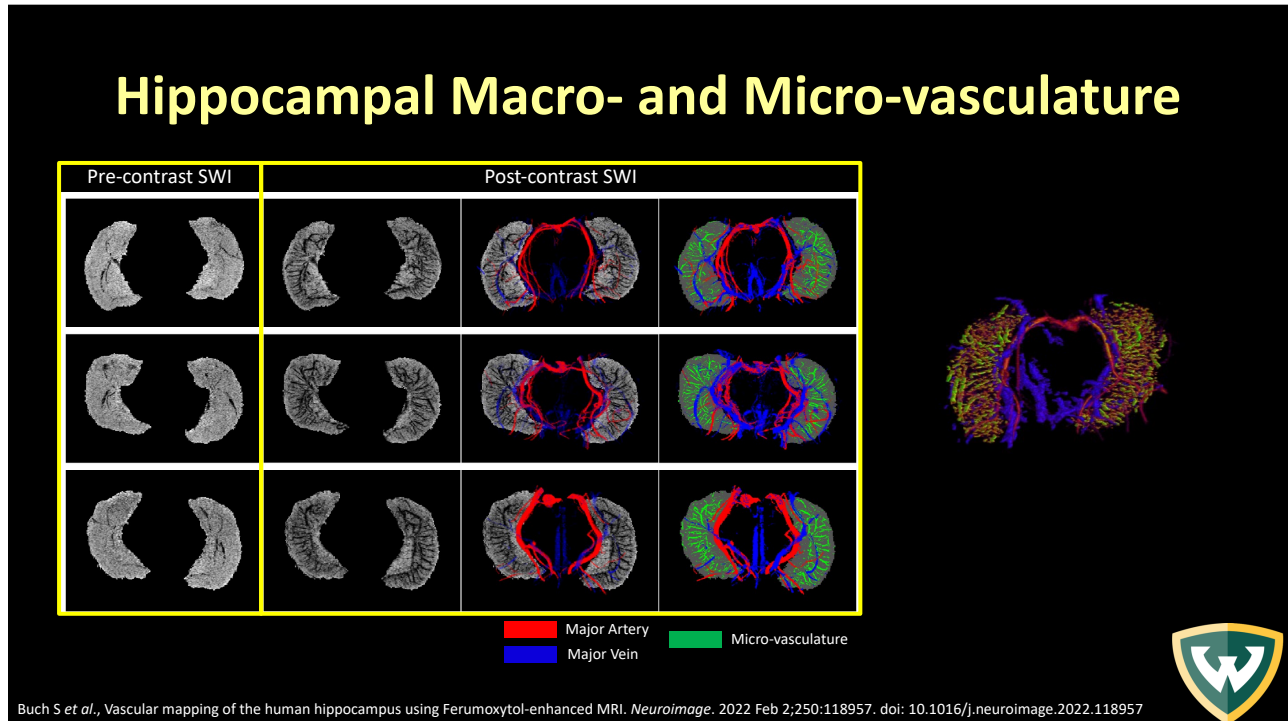


Duvernoy et al., The Human Hippocampus: Functional Anatomy, Vascularization and Serial Sections with MRI, 2013, 4th edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, pg. 74 and 99.

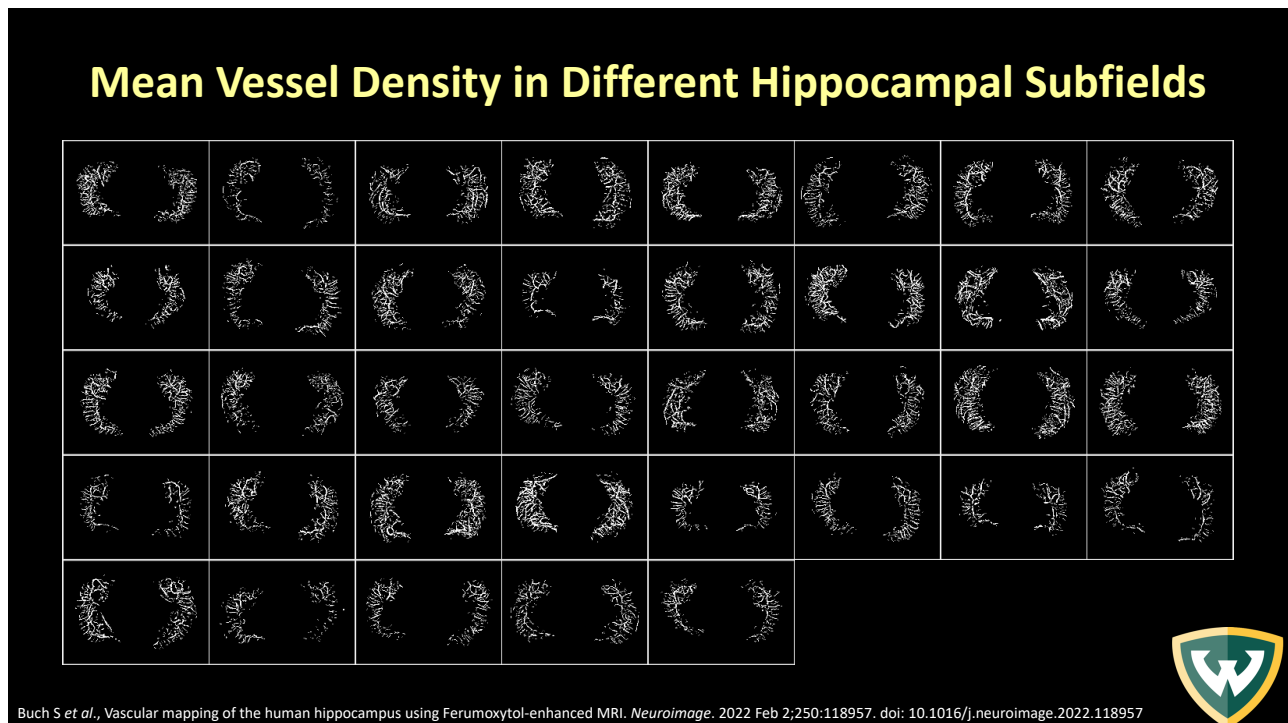
→ Subependymal intra-hippocampal veins



12

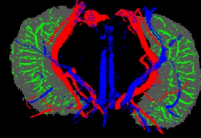


13

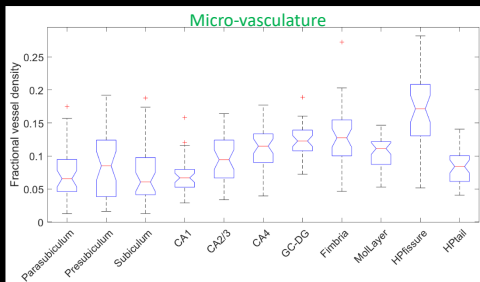


14

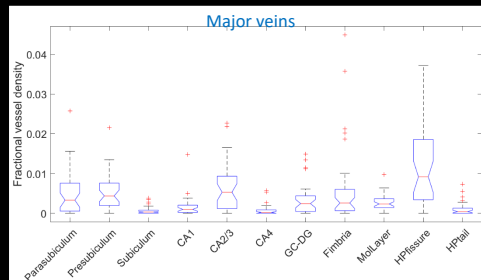
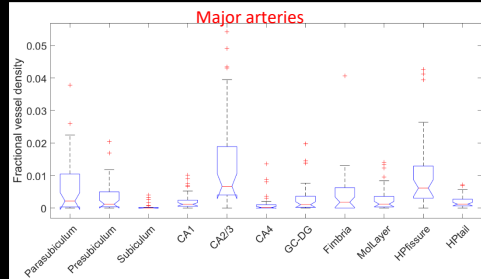
Mean Vessel Density in Different Hippocampal Subfields



$$\text{Fractional vessel density} = \frac{\text{Vessel volume}}{\text{Total volume}}$$



GC-DG = Granule cell layer of the dentate gyrus,
MolLayer = Molecular layer of HP



Buch S et al., Vascular mapping of the human hippocampus using Ferumoxytol-enhanced MRI. *Neuroimage*. 2022 Feb 2;250:118957. doi: 10.1016/j.neuroimage.2022.118957

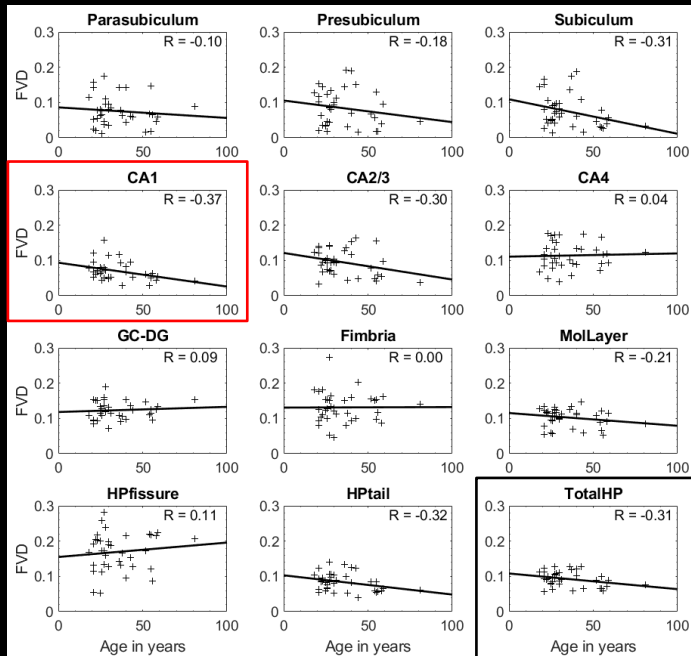


15

Age vs Vascular Density

There was a strong reduction in fractional vessel density (FVD) as a function of age for:

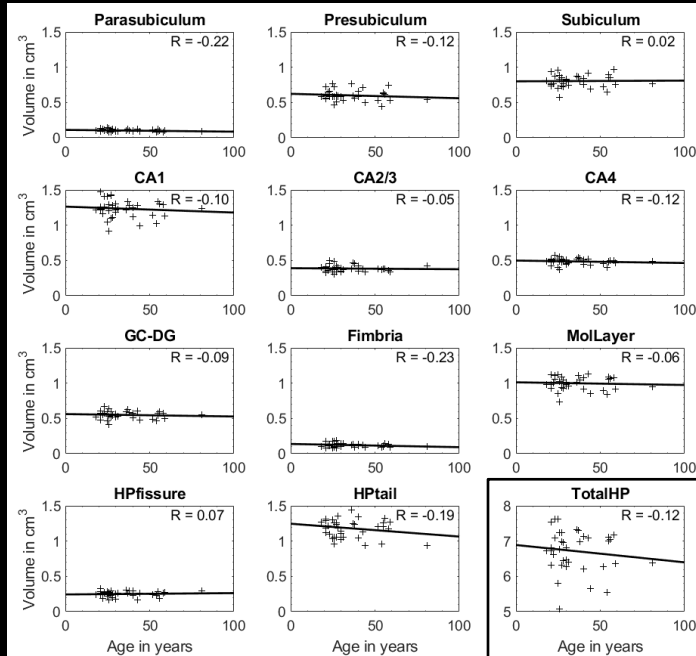
- Presubiculum
- Subiculum
- Cornu ammonis layer (CA1, CA2/3)
- Hippocampal tail
- **Whole hippocampus**



16

Age vs Tissue Volume

Tissue volume showed a weakly negative or lack of correlation as a function of age

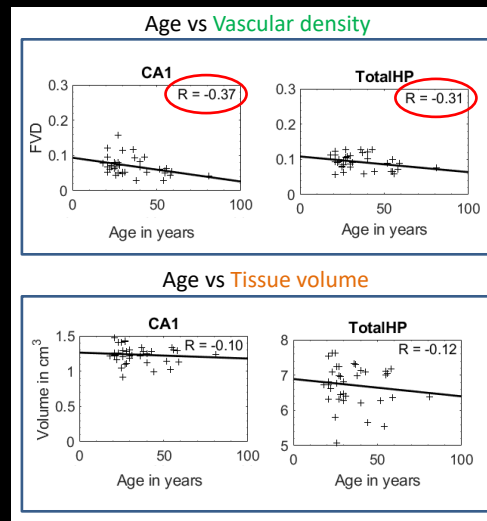


Buch S *et al.*, Vascular mapping of the human hippocampus using Ferumoxytol-enhanced MRI. *Neuroimage*. 2022 Feb 2;250:118957. doi: 10.1016/j.neuroimage.2022.118957

17

Age vs Tissue Volume

Tissue volume showed a weakly negative or lack of correlation as a function of age



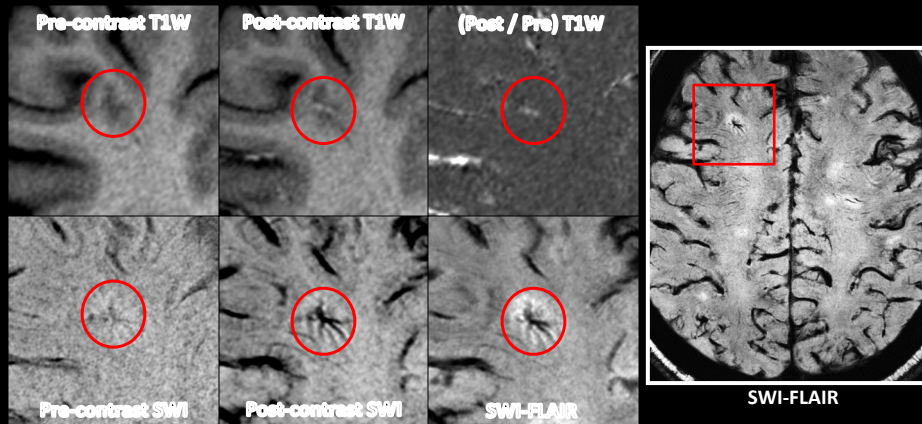
Buch S *et al.*, Vascular mapping of the human hippocampus using Ferumoxytol-enhanced MRI. *Neuroimage*. 2022 Feb 2;250:118957. doi: 10.1016/j.neuroimage.2022.118957

18



MICRO Imaging: MS patient

T_1 enhancement vs T_2^* induced signal loss

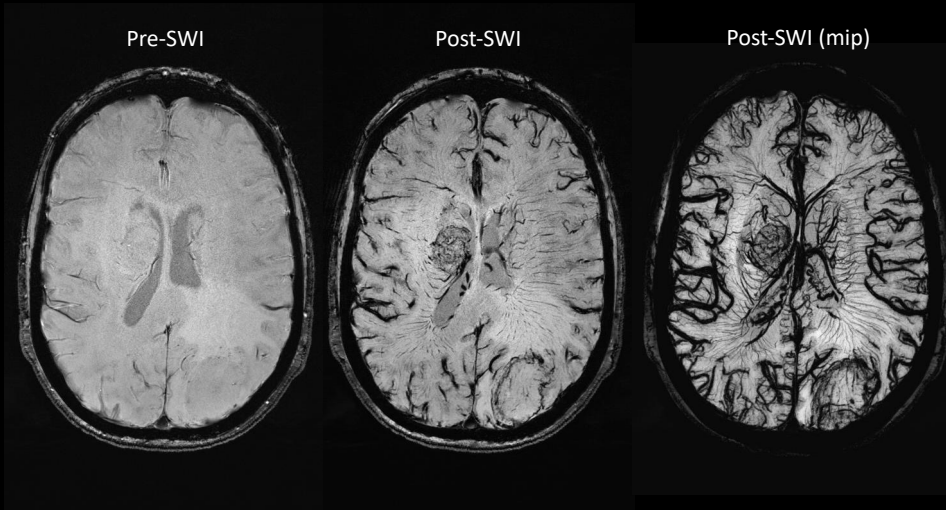


Buch S et al., Revealing vascular abnormalities and measuring small vessel density in multiple sclerosis lesions using USPIO. *Neuroimage Clin.* 2021;29:102525. doi: 10.1016/j.nicl.2020.102525.

19

MICRO Imaging of Tumors at 3T

mIP/MIP = 12 mm



20

Conclusions

- With this USPIO-induced increase in susceptibility, comes the potential to study the cerebral micro-vasculature using high-resolution SWI
- There was a strong negative correlation of the hippocampal FVD (especially in CA1) with age
- FVD reduction was more prominent than volume reduction vs. age
=> vascular atrophy may precede reductions in tissue volume
- Mapping the hippocampal vasculature has immediate implications for understanding the effects of normal aging and the etiology of many neurovascular diseases.
- MICRO imaging brings us into the decade of imaging the microvasculature of the entire human body

I would like to thank my colleagues from the USPIO imaging team:

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